

Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "the Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and its nil profit / loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.





Other information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Corporate Governance, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The above stated reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the above stated reports, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.





As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain India skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls systems in
 place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Ind AS financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Ind AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

(1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give





in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The company does not have any branches. Hence, the provisions of section 143(3)(c) is not applicable.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - e) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - f) In our opinion, there are no financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
 - g) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - h) There is no adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith.
 - i) The internal financial control reporting clause is not applicable to the company as the company meets the criteria for exemption given by the Serial No.5 of Notification No. GSR 583(E) dated 13th June, 2017 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.
 - j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration is paid by the company to its directors during the year and hence section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the company.
 - k) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as referred to Note 9 to the Ind AS financial statement.





- (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise.
- (iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

(iv)

- (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (v) The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year, therefore the provisions of section 123 of the Act is not applicable.
- (vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, except for the instances mentioned below, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, however the same has not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software but only from July 01, 2023.
 - Further, from July 01, 2023 where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with during the course of our audit.
- (vii) As Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 01, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.





(3) According to the information and explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the company to any of its directors. Accordingly, provision of Section 197 of the act relating to the remuneration to directors are not applicable.

For GMJ & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain

Partner

M. No.: 155537 Place: Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

UDIN: 241555 37BKCR SL3916

MUMBAI FRN. NO. 103429W





Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- In respect of the company's Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:
 The company does not hold any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and hence clause 3(i) is not applicable to the company.
- ii. As The Company is a service company, primarily rendering software services. Accordingly it does not hold any physical inventories during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii)(a) and 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii.

- a) The Company has not made investments in, companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and granted unsecured loans to parties, during the year, and reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) and 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) Since no loans are outstanding, clause 3(iii)(c)(d) is not applicable to the company.
- c) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- d) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security in respect of any loans to any party covered under section 185 and section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act 2013, for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.





vii.

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, Employees' State insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the books of accounts and records as produced and examined by us in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, as at March 31, 2024, there were no dues that have not been deposited on the account of dispute.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the come Income Tax Act, 1961(43 of 1961).

ix.

- a) Since the company has not taken loans, clause ix(a) is not applicable to the company.
- b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution orgovernment or any government authority.
- c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order isnot applicable.
- d) Since the company has not raised funds, clause ix(d) is not applicable to the company.
- e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in subsidiaries or joint ventures and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year or in the recent past. The company does not have any term loan.

During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi.





- a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
- b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xii. According to the information and explanation given to us the company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xiii. According to information and explanations given us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules issued thereunder. Refer Note 10 to the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

xiv.

- a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of records of the Company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable.

xvi.





- a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year amounting to INR 25,000.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, section 135 is not applicable to the company and hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For GMJ & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103429W

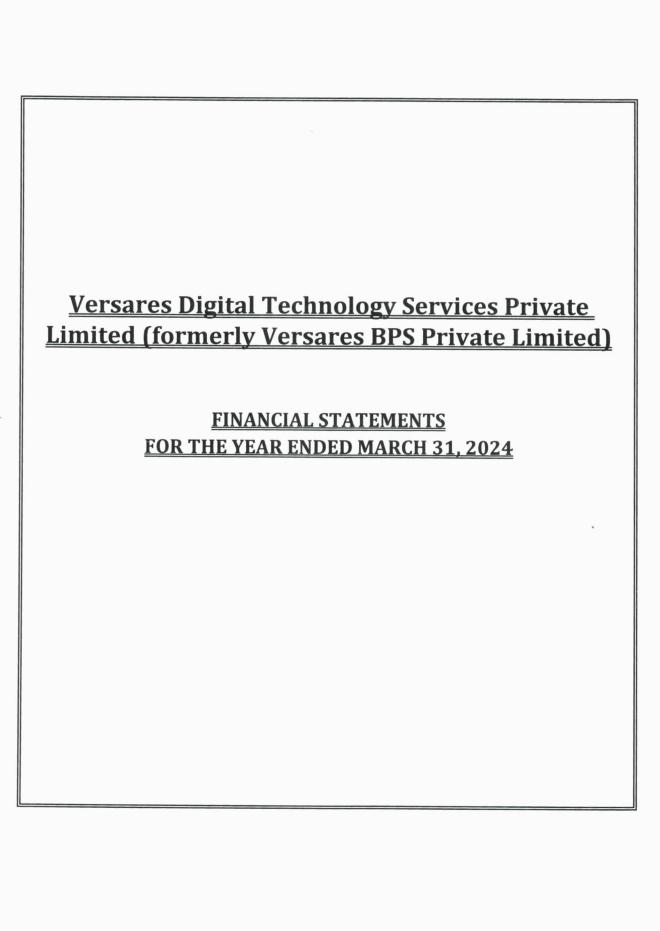
CA Madhu Jain

Partner

M. No.: 155537 Place: Mumbai

Date: May 27, 2024

UDIN: 241555 37BKCR SL3916



VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED) **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2024**

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
(1) Non-Current Assets			
(2) Current Assets		-	-
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	0.74	0.88
(b) Other Current Assets	4	0.04	
		0.78	0.88
TOTAL ASSETS		0.78	0.88
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	5	1.00	1.00
(b) Other Equity	6	(0.49)	(0.25
		0.51	0.75
Liabilities			
(1) Non Current Liabilities			
(2) Current Liabilities		-	
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables	7		
(A) Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		0.25	0.13
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro			501
Enterprises and Small Enterprises (b) Other Current Liabilities			-
(5) other carrent capitales	8	0.02 0.27	- 0.43
		0.27	0.13
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		0.78	0.88

Material Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements 1 to 32 $\,$

As per our report of even date attached

For GMJ & Co **Chartered Accountants** F.R.No.: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain Partner

M.No.: 155537

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

MUMBA FRN. NO.

UDIN: 241555 37BKCR SL3916.

For and on behalf of the board

Harish Shenoy Director DIN: 07288534

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

Varika Rastogi Director DIN: 07803959 ology Service

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VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED) STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
REVENUE			SESS 中国特别的特别是自己的特别,但我们的特别是一个自由的特别的特色。
(I) Revenue from Operations	9	_	-
(II) Other Income	10	-	-
(III) Total Income (I+II)		-	-
(IV) EXPENSES			
Other Expenses	11	0.24	0.25
Total Expenses (IV)		0.24	0.25
(V) Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		(0.24)	(0.25)
Exceptional Items		_	
(VI) Profit/(loss) before tax		(0.24)	(0.25)
(VII) Tax Expense:			
Current Tax		_	
(VIII) Profit/(loss) for the period		(0.24)	(0.25)
(IX) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A. Other Comprehensive income not to be reclassified to			
profit and loss in subsequent periods:			
Remeasurement of gains (losses) on defined benefit			
plans		-	
Income tax effect		-	-
B. Other Comprehensive income not to be reclassified to			
profit and loss in subsequent periods:			
Other Comprehensive income for the year		-	-
X) TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		(0.24)	(0.25)
arnings per share for profit attributable to equity			
(1) Basic EPS	12	(2.44)	(2.50)
(2) Diluted EPS	12	(2.44)	(2.50)

Material Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements 1 to 32

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the board

For GMJ & Co **Chartered Accountants**

F.R.No.: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain Partner

M.No.: 155537 UDIN: 241355

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

37BKCR SK 3916

Director DIN: 07288534

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

Varika Rastogi Director DIN: 07803959

<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE ACTION OF THE PROPERTY	
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(0.24)	(0.25
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	0.13	0.13
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	(0.05)	-
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	0.02	-
Cash generated from operations	(0.14)	(0.12
.ess: Income taxes paid		-
Net cash inflow from operating activities	(0.14)	(0.12
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest received	-	-
Net cash outflow from investing activities	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Increase/(Decrease) in Equity	-	1.00
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	-	1.00
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.14)	0.88
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	0.88	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the year	0.74	0.88
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow		
tatement:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following:		
On current account	0.74	0.88
Balances per statement of cash flows	0.74	0.88

Note:

Material Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements 1 to 32

As per our report of even date attached

For GMJ & Co Chartered Accountants F.R.No.: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain Partner M.No.: 155537

UDIN: 241555 37BKCR SL3916

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024 For and on behalf of the board

Harish Shenoy Director

DIN: 07288534

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024 Varika Rastogi

Director

DIN: 07803959

^{1.} The above Cash flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7 on "Statement of Cashflow" notified by the Companies Act, 2013.

VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

A Equity Share Capital

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Balance at the Beginning of the year	Changes in Equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of the year
March 31, 2024			
Numbers	10,000	-	10,000
Amount	1.00	-	1.00
March 31, 2023			
Numbers	10,000	-	10,000
Amount	1.00	-	1.00

B Other Equity

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Reserves and Surplus		
Particulars	Retained Earnings	Total other equity
As at April 01, 2022	-	-
Profit for the year	(0.25)	(0.25)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(0.25)	(0.25)
As at April 01, 2023	(0.25)	(0.25)
Profit for the year	(0.24)	(0.24)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(0.24)	(0.24)
As at March 31, 2024	(0.49)	(0.49)

Material Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements 1 to 32

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As per our report of even date attached

For GMJ & Co **Chartered Accountants** F.R.No.: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain Partner

M.No.: 155537 37BKCR SL3916 UDIN: 241555

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

For and on behalf of the board

Harish Shenoy Director

DIN: 07288534

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

Varika Rastogi Director DIN: 07803959

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VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

1 Corporate Information

Versares BPS Private Limited (referred to as "the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of 3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited. The Company offers back-office as well as front-office BPO services. Our clientele includes some of the top-notch companies in the world. Our Back office BPO services refers to core business support operations such as accounting, payment processing, IT services, human resources, regulatory compliance, and quality assurance to outside professionals who ensure the business runs smoothly. Front office BPO services commonly include customer-related services such as tech support, sales, and marketing.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on May 27, 2024.

2 Material Accounting Policies

a) Statement of compliance

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

b) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

c) Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognised when incurred and have been classified according to their nature.

The costs of the Company are broadly categorised in employee benefit expenses, cost of third party products and services, finance costs, depreciation and amortisation and other expenses. Employee benefit expenses include employee compensation, allowances paid, contribution to various funds and staff welfare expenses. Cost of third party products and services mainly include purchase of software licenses and products, fees to external consultants, cost of running its facilities, cost of equipment and other operating expenses. Finance cost includes interest and other borrowing cost. Other expenses is an aggregation of costs which are individually not material such as commission and brokerage, printing and stationery, communication, repairs and maintenance etc.

d) Foreign currency

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee (INR).

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss. A monetary item for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future is considered as a part of the entity's net investment in that foreign operation.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

Non monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined



VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

e) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense is recognized in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity or other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities, and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. These are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income taxes are not provided on the undistributed earnings of subsidiaries and branches where it is expected that the earnings of the subsidiary or branch will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities; deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities; where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Tax benefits of deductions earned on exercise of employee share options in excess of compensation charged to income are credited to equity.

f) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

(ii) Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

g) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

h) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

i) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

GM7 the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in

equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares

<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity

j) Current/non current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

k) Events occuring after Balance Sheet

There were no significant events that occurred after the Balance sheet date.

I) The company is engaged in Manpower service which is primary business segment based on the nature of service provided. Thus the company has only one reportable business segment which is providing Manpower service and only one reportable geographical segment. Accordingly the segment information as required by IND AS 108 Operating Segment is not required to be disclosed.

m) Cash Flows

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated. The company considers all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

n) Recent accounting pronouncements:

Application of new and amended standards :

- (A) Amendments to existing Standards (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) the Company has adopted, with effect from April 01, 2023, the following new and revised standards and interpretations. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in the financial statements.
- 1. Ind AS 1- Presentation of Financials Statements modification relating to disclosure of 'material accounting policy information' in place of 'significant accounting policies.
- 2. Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors modification of definition of 'accounting estimate' and application of changes in accounting estimates.
- 3. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes The amendment clarifies application of initial recognition exemption to transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations.
- (B) Standards notified but not yet effective

No new standards have been notified during the year ended March 31, 2024.

o) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest rupee as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
			(Amount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balances with banks: - On current accounts		0.74	0.88
	Total	0.74	0.88

4. OTHER ASSETS			
			(Amount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current			
Others			
- Balances with Statutory, Government Authorities		0.04	-
T	otal	0.04	-





<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024</u>

5.EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	AS AT 31.03.20	24	AS AT 31.03.2023	
	No. of shares	INR	No. of shares	INR
(a) Authorised Capital				
Equity Shares (INR 10 Each)	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
(b) Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity Shares (INR 10 Each)	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00

(i) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

ii Reconcilation of the Share outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	Opening Balance	Issued during the year	Closing Balance
Equity shares			
Year ended March 31, 2024			
- Number of shares	10,000	-	10,000
Amount (INR in Lakhs)	1.00	-	1.00
Year ended March 31, 2023			
- Number of shares		10,000	10,000
Amount (INR in Lakhs)	-	1.00	1.00

iii. Shares held by holding / ultimate holding company and / or their subsidiaries / associates

Out of equity issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries / associates are as below:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited (The Holding company) and by its nominees		
Equity shares (Number of Shares)	10,000	10,000
Amount (INR In Lakhs)	-	-
Face Value Per Share	10	10

iv. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	March 3	1, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Name of the shareholder	Number % holding Number		% holding	
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid				
3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited (The Holding company) and by its nominees	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

(v) Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date are Nil.

(vi) Shares reserved for issue under options

Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts or commitments for the sale of shares or disinvestment, including the terms and amounts are Nil.

(vii) Shares held by the promoter for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	No of Shares	% of Total Shares
3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited (The Holding company) and by its nominees	10,000	100%
Total	10,000	100%

(viii) Shares held by the promoter for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	No of Shares	% of Total Shares
3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited (The Holding company) and by its nominees	10,000	100%
Total	10,000	100%



<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024</u>

i. Reserves and Surplus		(Amount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Securities Premium Account		-
Retained Earnings	(0.49)	(0.25)
Tota	(0.49)	(0.25)

(a) Securities Premium Account

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Opening balance	-	-	
Add/(Less):	_	-	
Closing balance	-	-	

(b) Retained Earnings

6. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	(0.25)	-
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year	(0.24)	(0.25)
Items of Other Comprehensive Income directly recognised in Retained Earnings:		
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation, net of tax	-	-
Closing balance	(0.49)	(0.25)





VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS **PRIVATE LIMITED)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

7. TRADE PAYABLES

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current			
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		0.25	0.13
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small			
Enterprises		-	-
To	otal	0.25	0.13

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities:

- 1. Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms as at relevent period.
- 2. For terms and conditions with related parties, refer note 13.

8. OTHER LIABILITIES

(Amount in INR L				
Particulars		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Current				
Others:				
Statutory Liabilities		0.02	•	
	Total	0.02	-	





<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2024 are as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

			Outstanding for following periods			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	MSME	0.25	-	-	-	0.25
(ii)	Others	-	-	-	-	
(iii)	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	
	Total Trade Payable	0.25	-	-	-	0.25

Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2023 are as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

		Outstanding for following periods			Outstanding for		
Sr. No.	Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i)	MSME	0.13	-	-	-	0.13	
(ii)	Others	-	-	-	-		
(iii)	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-		
(iv)	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total Trade Payable	0.13	-	-	-	0.13	





VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

9. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale of services	-	-
Total	-	-

10. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest Income on:		
Others	_	_
Other Non Operating Income:		
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain	_	_
Miscellaneous Income	_	_
Total	-	-

11. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Legal and Professional fees Payments to Auditors (Refer note below)	0.12 0.13	0.13 0.13
Tota	0.24	0.25

(a) Details of Payments to Auditors

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
As Auditor			
Audit Fees	0.13	0.13	
Total	0.13	0.13	





<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024</u>

		(Amount in INR Lakhs
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(a) Basic earnings per share (Amount in INR)	(2.44)	(2.50
(b) Diluted earnings per share (Amount in INR)	(2.44)	(2.50
(c) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share Basic earnings per share		
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	(0.24)	(0.25
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	(0.24)	(0.2
(d) Face value per share	10	1
(e) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:	10,000	10,000
Options Convertible Bonds	-	·
Convertible Preference shares	-	-
eighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	10,000	10,00





VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(i) List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-As 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Name of Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Country of Incorporation
3i Infotech Digital BPS Limited (formerly 3i Infotech BPO Limited)	Holding Company	India
3i Infotech Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	India
3i Infotech Holdings Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Mauritius
3i Infotech (Africa) Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Kenya
3i Infotech (Middle East) FZ LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	UAE
3i Infotech (Thailand) Limited .	Fellow Subsidiary	Thailand
3i Infotech (UK) Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	UK
3i Infotech (Western Europe) Group Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	UK
3i Infotech (Western Europe) Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	UK
Rhyme Systems Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	UK
3i Infotech Asia Pacific Pte Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Singapore
3i Infotech Inc	Fellow Subsidiary	USA
3i Infotech Saudi Arabia LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	KSA
3i Infotech SDN BHD	Fellow Subsidiary	Malaysia
3i Infotech (Cyprus) Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Cyprus
3i Infotech Services SDN BHD	Fellow Subsidiary	Malaysia
NuRe Digital SDN BHD	Fellow Subsidiary	Malaysia
3i Infotech (South Africa) (Pty) Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	RSA
Professional Access Software Development Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	India
3i Infotech Software Solutions LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	Dubai
3i Infotech (Canada) Inc	Fellow Subsidiary	Canada
3i Infotech Nigeria Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Nigeria
3i Infotech Netherland B.V.	Fellow Subsidiary	Netherland
3i Infotech Consultancy Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	India
NuRe Infotech Solutions Pte. Limited (incorporated on March 15, 2023)	Fellow Subsidiary	Singapore
NuRe Bharat Network Limited (incorporated on April 21, 2023)	Step down subsidiary	India
NuRe Edge Tech Inc. (incorporated on March 28, 2023)	Fellow Subsidiary	USA
NuRe CampusLabs Private Limited (incorporated on December 20, 2022)	Fellow Subsidiary	India
NuRe EdgeTech Private Limited (incorporated on November 28, 2022)	Fellow Subsidiary	
NuRe MediaTech Limited (incorporated on March 23, 2023)	Fellow Subsidiary	India
NuRe FutureTech Private Limited (incorporated on December 12, 2022)	Fellow Subsidiary	India
(inserperated on December 12, 2022)	Fellow Subsidiary	India
Name of Related Party	Remarks	
1. Harish Shenoy	Director appointed on Octo	
2. Kiran Chittar	Director appointed on Octo	
3. Varika Rastogi	Additional Director appoint 2024	

(ii) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest bearing and settlement occurs in cash. The Allowance for expected credit Losses on amount owed by related parties is NIL (March 31, 2023 is NIL). The assessment for loss allowance is undertaken at each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and market in which the related party operates.

(iii) There are no commitments with related parties.



<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024</u>

14. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

i. Financial Instruments by Category			(Amo	unt in INR Lakhs)
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Amortised cost				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.74	0.74	0.88	0.88
Total	0.74	0.74	0.88	0.88
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Amortised cost				
Trade Payables	0.25	0.25	0.13	0.13

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents and trade payables approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

ii. Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measure at fair value. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determing fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table:

Total

0.25

0.25

0.13

0.13

Fair value measurement hierarchy

rair value measurement hierarchy								
			ch 31, 2024			Marc	h 31, 2023	
		Fair value n	neasurement usi	ng		Fair value m	easurement using	
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Carrying Amount	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Financial Assets								
At Amortised Cost								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.74	-	-	-	0.88		-	:
Total Financial Assets	0.74	-	-		0.88		-	-
Financial Liabilities At Amortised Cost								
Trade Payables	0.25	-	-	-	0.13		-	(a
Total Financial Liabilities	0.25	-			0.13			

There have been no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period

- Level 1 Level 1 hierarchy includes Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity shares, contingent consideration and indemnification assets included in level 3.

iii. Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific Valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis

iv. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The finance department of the Company includes a team that assesses the valuation of financial assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. Wherever required, valuation reports from Professional Entities are being considered at frequent intervals.



<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u> <u>NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024</u>

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed primarily to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, credit, liquidity and interest rate risk, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by Board of Directors. The focus of the risk management committee is to assess the unpredictability of the financial environment and to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

i. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the change in market prices. Such changes in the value of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes. The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk.

(a) Foreign currency exchange rate risk

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rate may have potential impact on the statement of profit and loss and the other comprehensive income and equity, where any transaction reference more than one currency or where assets/liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company.

Considering the countries and the economic environment in which the Company operates, its operations are subject to risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates in those countries. The risks primarily relates to fluctuations in US Dollar, Great Britain Pound and Euro against the functional currency of the Company.

The Company, as per its current risk management policy, does not use any derivatives instruments to hedge foreign exchange. Further, any movement in the functional currency of the various operations of the Company against major foreign currencies may impact the Company's revenue in international business.

The Company evaluates the impact of the foreign exchange rate fluctuation by assessing its exposure to exchange rate risks. Apart from exposures of foreign currency payables and receivables, which partially are naturally hedged against each other, the Company does not use any hedging instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures; in line with the current risk management policies.

The foreign exchange rate sensitivity is calculated by aggregation of the net foreign exchange rate exposure and a simultaneous parallel foreign exchange rate shift of all the currencies by 1% against the functional currency of the Company.

The following analysis has been worked out based on the net exposures of the Company as of the date of Balance Sheet which could affect the statement of profit and loss and the other comprehensive income and equity.

The following table set forth information relating to foreign currency exposure as at March 31, 2024:

(INR In Lakhs)

			(Herr III Earlis)
Particulars	Foreign Currency	Amount in INR	Total
Total Financial Assets	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	-	_	_
Total	-	-	_
Appreciation/Depreciation @1%	-	-	_

1% appreciation/depreciation of the respective foreign currencies with respect to functional currency of the Company would result in decrease/increase in the Company 's profit before tax by approximately INR NIL Lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024.

The following table set forth information relating to foreign currency exposure as at March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Foreign Currency	Amount in INR	Total
Total Financial Assets	_		
Total Financial Liabilities	_		
Total	-		
Appreciation/Depreciation @1%	-	-	

1% appreciation/depreciation of the respective foreign currencies with respect to functional currency of the Company would result in decrease/increase in the Company 's profit before tax by approximately INR NIL Lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2023.

(b)Interest rate risk

The Company does not have any borrowings. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market.



VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, investments carried at amortised cost and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables and unbilled

(1) Credit risk management

- Trade receivables and Unbilled revenues

The credit risk has always been managed by the group through an assessment of the companies financials, market intelligence and customers credibility. The Company makes provisions for Debtors and Unbilled based on a critical assessment of the amount in relation to the ageing combined with the historical trend observed in the respective geography, the past history of the client and comparison with similar projects to determine the recoverability of the receivables.

- Other Financials Assets

The company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

(2) Credit risk exposure

- Trade receivables and Unbilled revenues

The carrying amount of trade receivables and unbilled revenues represents the maximum credit exposure from customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk from customers is INR NIL Lakhs (March 31, 2023 is INR Lakhs NIL). The lifetime expected credit loss on customer balance for the year ended March 31, 2024 is NIL (March 31. 2023 is INR Lakhs NIL).

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Trade receivables and Unbilled revenue

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	4 March 31, 2023
Balance at the beginning	-	
Impairment loss recognised/reversed	_	
Balance at the end	_	

Cash & Cash Equivalents and Other Financial Assets

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk is INR 0.74/- Lakhs (March 31, 2023 is INR 0.88 Lakhs). The 12 months expected credit loss and lifetime expected credit loss on these financial assets for the year ended March 31, 2024 is NIL (March 31, 2023 is INR NIL).

(iii) Liquidity risks

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements.

The Company consistently generated sufficient cash flow from operations to meet its financial obligation as and when they fall due.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at:

March 31, 2024

	(Amount	in	INR	Lakhs)
\neg				

D 41 1					(Amount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars Particulars	Due in 1 year	Due in 1-2 years	Due in 2-5 years	Due after 5 years	Total
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities			,	- and anticine years	- Total
Trade and Other Payables	0.25	-	_	-	0.25
Total	0.25	-	-	-	0.25

March 31, 2023

(Amount in INR Lakhs

					(Alliount III IIII Lakiis)
Particulars Particulars	Due in 1 year	Due in 1-2 years	Due in 2-5 years	Due after 5 years	Total
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities		·	,	- me mitter b yours	10141
Trade and Other Payables	0.13		-	_	0.13
Total	0.13	-		-	0.13





<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

16. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The following table presents the recognised financial instruments that are offset and other agreements but not offset, as on March 31, 2024. The column 'net amount' shows the impact on the company's balance sheet if all set-off rights were exercised.

	Effects of	offsetting on the bal	ance sheet	Rela	ited amounts not of	ffset
Particulars	Gross amount	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amount presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subjects to master netting arrangements	Financial instruments collateral	Net amount
March 31, 2024						
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.74	-	0.74	-	-	0.74
Total	0.74	-	0.74	-	-	0.74
Financial Liabilities						
Trade Payable	0.25	-	0.25	-	-	0.25
Total	0.25	<u> </u>	0.25	-	-	0.25
March 31, 2023 Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.88	-	0.88	-	-	0.88
Total	0.88	-	0.88	-	-	0.88
Financial Liabilities						
Trade Payable	0.13	,-	0.13		-	0.13
Total	0.13	-	0.13		-	0.13
	N.					

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company defines "capital" as including all components of equity. The balance of related party transactions are not regarded by the Company as capital.

The Company's capital structure is regularly reviewed and managed with due regard to the capital management practices of the 3i Infotech Limited Group to which the Company belongs. Adjustments are made to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions affecting the Company. The results of the Board of Directors' review of the Company's capital structure are used as a basis for the determination of the level of dividends, if any, that are declared. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.





VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

18. RATIO ANALYSIS

	Particulars	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023	% change from March 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024
1 Current	urrent ratio	2.93	7.00	(58.20%)
2 Debt- Ec	Debt- Equity Ratio		1	
3 Return c	Return on Equity Ratio	(38.85%)	(33.33%)	176
Trade Pa	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	127%	200%	(36.38%)
S Net Cap	Net Capital Turnover Ratio		Э.	
6 Return C	Return on Capital Employed	(47 29%)	(33 33%)	7000

B. Components of Ratio

Sr. No.	Particulars	Nimerator	Donominator	AS AT 31	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023	.03.2023
		5	Deligiminator	Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator
1	Current Ratio	Current Asset	Current Liabilities	0.78	0.27	0.88	0.13
2	Debt – Equity ratio	Debt	Equity		0.51		0.75
3	Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Profit After tax	Average Shareholder Equity	(0.24)	0.63	(0.25)	0.75
4	Trade Payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchase	Average Trade Pavable	0.24	0.19	0.25	0.13
5	Net capital turnover ratio	Net sales	working capital		0.52		0.75
9	Return on Capital Employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and tax Capital Employed	Capital Employed	(0.24)	0.52	(0.25)	0.75

C. Reasons for variance of more than 25% in above ratios :

Sr. No.	Particulars	March 31. 2024
1	Current Ratio	Due to decrease in cash and cash equivalent and increase in trade payable
2	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Due to increase in trade payable
3	Return on Capital Employed	Due to increase in current liabilities.

.. Reasons for variance of more than 25% in above ration

	March 31, 2023	
		Due to increase in turnover
	Particulars	Net capital turnover ratio
asons for variance of more than 25% in above ratios:	Sr. No.	1





<u>VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

19. DETAILS OF DUES TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES AS DEFINED UNDER MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006 (MSMED ACT, 2006)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006*	0.25	0.13
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act, on the above amount	_	-
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	+:
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, (other than Section 16)	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, (Section 16)	-	*
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payment already made	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	-	~

^{*}Amount includes due and unpaid of INR 0.25 Lakhs (March 31, 2023 is INR 0.13 Lakhs).

The information has been given in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as "Micro and Small" enterprises on the basis of information available with the Company.

20. Details of Benami Property held

The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

21. Details of Loans and advances

Loans and advances granted to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMPs) and the related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-

22. Wilful Defaulter

The company has not been declared as a wilful Defaulter by any Financial Institution or bank as at the date of Balance Sheet.

23. Relationship with Struck off Companies

The Company has not identified any transactions or balances in any reporting periods with companies whose name is struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

24. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The company has no pending charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the Statutory period.

25. Utilization of borrowed funds

The company have not taken any borrowings from banks and financial institutions as at the balance sheet date.

Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

(A) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources of the sources of t

(B) the company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party).

The company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

directly of indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the

(Ultimate Beneficiaries); or

(b) (c) buildeany guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

VERSARES DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY VERSARES BPS PRIVATE LIMITED)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or;

b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

26. Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

There are no Immovable Propertiies held in name of the Company, therefore title deeds clause is not appliable in this company.

27. Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the provision of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

28. Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

There are no Schemes of Arrangements which have been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

29. Segment Information

The Company presents this standalone financial statements along with the consolidated financial statements. In accordance with Ind AS 108, Operating Segments, the Company has disclosed the segment information in the consolidated financial statements.

30. Additional Information

Undisclosed income

The Company has no transaction that is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.

31. Corporate Social Responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company does not meet the applicability threshold. Hence, the provision of the said section are not applicable during the current financial year.

32. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached

For GMJ & Co **Chartered Accountants** F.R.No.: 103429W

CA Madhu Jain Partner M.No.: 155537

UDIN: 241555 37BKCR SL3916 Place: Navi Mumbai

Date: May 27, 2024

For and on behalf of the board

Director DIN: 07288534

Place: Navi Mumbai Date: May 27, 2024

Varika Rastogi Director DIN: 07803959

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