# **3i INFOTECH INC**

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### **VBC & COMPANY**

Certified Public Accountants A Professional Corporation 97, Cedar Grove Lane, Suite 202, Somerset, NJ 08873. email: balav@vbccpa.com

# **3i INFOTECH INC.**

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Stockholder and Board of Directors of, 3i Infotech Inc, New Jersey, USA

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of 3i Infotech Inc, which comprise the balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, and the related statements of income, retained earnings, and cash flows for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of 3i Infotech Inc as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the twelve months then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of 3i Infotech Inc and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about 3i Infotech Inc's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as

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fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of 3i Infotech Inc's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about 3i Infotech Inc's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

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VBC & Company Certified Public Accountants Somerset, New Jersey May 06, 2022

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### 3i INFOTECH INC BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,382,821	\$	1,761,933
Accounts receivable, net	Ŷ	6,389,353	Ŷ	5,795,416
Unbilled revenue		5,264,047		4,216,919
Employee advances		228,500		86,750
Prepaid expenses		66,842		33,414
Other Current Assets		359,797		-
Total current assets		13,691,360		11,894,432
Property and equipment, net		5,094		7,174
Other assets				
Security deposits		30,000		30,000
Dues from affiliates Other advances		96,621,220 190,244		96,219,210 491,587
		-		
Total other assets		96,841,464		96,740,797
Total assets	\$	110,537,918	\$	108,642,403
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,127,927	\$	1,116,444
Accrued Interest		4,021,161		3,679,872
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		5,046,651		3,750,072
Short term borrowings		2,300,000		2,979,000
Unearned revenue		59,406		186,489
Income taxes payable		42,019		128,234
Total current liabilities		12,597,163		11,840,111
Other liabilities				
Long-term debt from affiliates		4,745,000		4,745,000
Dues to affiliates		16,378,713		15,389,660
Other liabilities	_	52,729		73,476
Total other liabilities		21,176,442		20,208,136
Stockholder's equity				
Common stock		30,332,078		30,332,078
Additional paid-in capital		23,157,686		23,157,686
Optionally convertible preferred stock Share application money pending allotment		89,495,976 7,513,000		89,495,976 7,675,000
Accumulated deficit		(73,734,430)		(74,066,586)
Total stockholder's equity		76,764,310		76,594,154
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	110,537,918	\$	108,642,403

### 3i INFOTECH INC STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021
<b>Revenue</b> Information Technology Services Other income	\$ 50,864,611 522,313	ę	\$ 45,778,776 -
Total Revenue	51,386,923		45,778,776
Cost of revenue	43,756,059		40,509,245
Gross profit	7,630,865		5,269,531
General and administrative expenses	6,888,871		5,281,646
Income/(Loss) before depreciation and tax	741,994		(12,115)
Interest expense Interest expense - Affiliates Depreciation/Amortization	46,233 341,289 5,711		94,919 334,830 13,604
Income/(Loss) before income taxes from continuing operations	348,761		(455,468)
Provision for income tax - current year Prior year tax reversals	89,823 (73,219)		4,261
Net profit from continuing operations	\$ 332,156	\$	(459,729)
<b>Discontinued Operations - Note K</b> Profit from operations of discontinued operations (Including profit on disposal of \$ 201,129 (2021)) Income taxes	\$ -		420,941 121,642
Net Profit from discontinued operations	\$ -	\$	299,299
Net Profit	\$ 332,156	\$	(160,429)
Beginning accumulated deficit	\$ (74,066,586)	\$	(73,906,157)
Ending accumulated deficit	\$ (73,734,430)	\$	(74,066,586)

### 3i INFOTECH INC STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
<b>Net loss</b> Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ 332,156	\$ (160,429)
Depreciation and amortization	5,711	13,604
Provision for doubtful debts	-	80,709
Net cashflow from sale of discontinued operations		(271,518)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade and other receivables	(2,000,863)	945,585
Prepaid and other advances	126,166	(247,240)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,415,306	287,525
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	 (121,524)	 648,236
Cash flow from investing activities		
Divestiture of businesses		271,518
Purchase of assets (net of capital work-in-progress)	(3,631)	(2,837)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	 (3,631)	 268,681
Cash flow from financing activities		
Share application money refunded	(162,000)	(25,000)
Dues to/from affiliates - net	587,043	103,151
Proceeds/ (repayments) from/to borrowings - net	(679,000)	(21,000)
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	 (253,957)	 57,151
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (379,113)	\$ 974,068
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,761,933	787,865
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,382,820	\$ 1,761,933
Interest paid	\$ 46,233	\$ 94,919
Taxes paid	\$ 104,131	\$ 47,289

### 3i INFOTECH INC STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Common stock and paid-in capital		
Balance, beginning of period:		
Common stock	\$ 30,332,078	\$ 30,332,078
Balance, end of period	 30,332,078	 30,332,078
Additional paid-in capital	 23,157,686	 23,157,686
Balance, beginning of period:		
Optionally convertible preferred stock	89,495,976	89,495,976
Balance, end of period	 89,495,976	 89,495,976
Share application money pending allotment	 7,513,000	 7,675,000
Balance, end of period	\$ 150,498,740	\$ 150,660,740
Accumulated deficit		
Balance, beginning of period		
Accumulated deficit	(115,270,645)	(115,110,216)
Security premium	41,204,059	41,204,059
Profit/(Loss) during the year - continuing operations	332,156	(459,729)
Net profit during the year - discontinued operations	-	299,299
Balance, end of period	 (73,734,430)	 (74,066,586)
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 76,764,310	\$ 76,594,154

#### Note 1- Summary of significant accounting policies

### Nature of Operations

3i Infotech Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware Corporation, is a wholly owned subsidiary of 3i Infotech Holdings Private Limited (Mauritius). The Company undertakes IT Services and Staffing Services. Numerous factors affect the Company's operating results, including general economic conditions, market acceptance and demand for its consulting services, its ability to obtain new customers, and rapidly changing technologies and competition. The Company's customer base covers a broad spectrum of industries including, Engineering, Financials, Information technologies, Insurance, Healthcare, Manufacturing, Medical, Telecommunication among others.

### **Accounting Policies**

These financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); consequently, revenues are recognized when services are rendered and expenses reflected when cost are incurred. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard require a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and the Company places its cash and cash equivalents with high-credit quality financial institutions. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents. With respect to trade receivables, the Company generally does not require collateral because of the common business practice prevailing in the industry and also that majority of the Company's customers are fairly well established companies operating in a variety of industries and geographic regions. When necessary, the Company establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The Company's management makes estimates and assumptions in the preparation of its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as on the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the respective reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those results implicit in the estimates and assumption.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits. The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a remaining maturity principally of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash in a bank deposit account that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

### **Financial Instruments**

The Company's financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accrued expenses, accounts receivable, accounts payable and lines of credit, all of which approximate fair value at the balance sheet dates.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are generated from various commercial entities. Accounts receivable are stated at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts if considered necessary. Credit is extended to customers after an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, and generally collateral is not required. Management's determination of the allowance for doubtful accounts is based on an evaluation of the accounts receivable, past experience, current economic conditions and other risks inherent in the accounts receivable portfolio.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects the Company's best estimate of probable losses inherent in the accounts receivable balance. The Company determines the allowance based on known troubled accounts, historical experience, and other currently available evidence. The allowance for doubtful accounts for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 129,934 and \$643,096 respectively.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

In May 2014, the FASB issued an update to ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, further amended in July 2015. This update to ASC 606 provides a five-step process to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle of the guidance is that a Company should recognize revenue upon transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the expected consideration to be received in exchange for those goods or services. This update to ASC 606 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, providing guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improving guidance for multiple-element arrangements. Effective Jan 01, 2019, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, using the modified retrospective method. The adoption allows companies to apply the new revenue standard to reporting periods beginning in the year the standard is first implemented, while prior periods continue to be reported in accordance with previous accounting guidance. Since the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606 did not have a significant impact on the recognition of revenue, the Company did not have an opening retained earnings adjustment.

The Company generates most of its revenues from Technology Staffing, and IT Services. Comprehensive revenue recognition model is designed to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenues are recognized as control of the promised service is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration expected in exchange for the services. Revenues from contract assignments are recognized over time, based on hours worked by the Company's contract professionals. The performance of the requested service over time is the single performance obligation for assignment revenues. Revenues are recognized net of variable consideration to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of revenues will not occur in subsequent periods. The Company recognizes revenue for fixed-price contracts using percentage of completion method. Under this method of revenue recognition, the Company estimates the progress towards completion to determine the amount of revenue and profit to recognize on all significant contracts. The Company utilizes a cost-to-cost approach in applying the percentage-of-completion method, under which revenue is earned in proportion to total costs incurred, divided by total costs expected to be incurred. The recognition of profit is dependent upon the accuracy of a variety of estimates, including software development progress, achievement of milestones and other incentives, penalty provisions, labor productivity and cost estimates. Such estimates are based on various judgments that the Company makes with respect to those factors and are difficult to accurately determine until the project is significantly underway. Due to uncertainties, inherent in the estimation process, it is possible that actual completion costs may vary from estimates. If estimated total costs on

any contract indicate a loss, the Company charges the entire estimated loss to operations in the period the loss first becomes known. Maintenance revenues are recognized ratably over the term of the underlying maintenance agreement.

The Company recognizes most of its revenue on a gross basis when it acts as a principal in its transactions. The Company has direct contractual relationships with its customers, bears the risks and rewards of its arrangements, has the discretion to select the contract professionals and establish the price for the services to be provided. The Company primarily provides services through its employees and through subcontractors; the related costs are included in cost of sales. The Company includes billable expenses (out-of-pocket reimbursable expenses) in revenue and the associated expenses are included in cost of sales.

### Cost of Revenues

The costs of revenues are classified as cost of sales on the income statement and consist primarily of employee costs and sub-contractor's costs, and other costs incurred in connection with the execution of projects.

### **Unbilled Revenues**

Unbilled revenues, if any are classified as unbilled receivables on the balance sheet, represents services rendered prior to being invoiced due to certain contractual restrictions. Unbilled revenue as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 was \$ 5,264,047 and \$ 4,039,498 respectively.

### **Customer and Business Concentration**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and trade receivables. Credit risks associated with trade receivables is minimal due to the Company's ongoing procedures, which monitor the credit worthiness of its customers. For the twelve months ended March 31, 2022, and 2021 revenue from the top 10 external customers amounted to \$ 13,415,523 (representing 26% of revenue) and \$ 11,833,503 (representing 26% of revenues) respectively. As of March 31, 2022, and 2021, accounts receivable from these customers were \$ 1,501,948 (24% of net accounts receivable) and \$ 1,452,319 (representing 25% of net accounts receivable) respectively.

#### **Property and equipment**

Property and equipment, consisting of computers, furniture, vehicle and equipment, are stated at cost. Improvements which substantially increase the useful lives of assets are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Upon retirement or disposal, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss is recorded. Depreciation on all property and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets which range from three to ten years. The Company amortizes business and commercial rights, over five years' period. The Company amortizes goodwill, (purchased or merger related) over five years' period. The depreciation expense, including amortization for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 5,711 and \$ 13,604 respectively. There was no amortization of goodwill for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 5,721 and \$ 13,604 respectively.

#### Income Taxes

The Company is taxed as a "C" corporation and as such accounts for income taxes pursuant to the provisions of Statement of Financial Statement Accounting Standards No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under SFAS No. 109, deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Any deferred tax assets recognized for net operating loss carry-forwards and other items are reduced by a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that the

benefits may not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected. The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes. There are no material deferred tax asset as of the above dates by a valuation allowance as the company does not expect to realize the benefits of such deferred tax asset in the foreseeable future.

#### Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that any asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the carrying value of such assets is reduced to its recoverable amount and the amount of such impairment loss is charged to Income statement. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, then such loss is reversed and the asset is restated to that effect.

#### **Provisions and Contingent Liabilities**

The Company recognizes a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires outflow of resources, which can be reliably estimated. Disclosures for a contingent liability is made, without a provision in books, when there is an obligation that may, but probably will not, require outflow of resources. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### Impact of New Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASI No 2016-02, which introduces a lessee model that brings substantially all leases into the balance sheet. Under the new standard, a lessee will recognize on its balance sheet a lease liability and a right of use of all asset for all leases, including operating leases, with a greater term than 12 months. The new standard will also distinguish leases as either finance leases or operating leases. This distinction will affect how leases are measured and presented in the income statement and statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for annual and interim periods in fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020. Due to the challenges related to the coronavirus pandemic, on April 8, 2020, FASB has proposed to defer the effective date to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Management is still assessing the potential impact that ASU No 2016-02 will have on its financial statements and disclosures.

#### Note 2 – Divesture of business

On March 31, 2021 the Company's ultimate Parent entity, 3i Infotech Limited along with its subsidiaries, has announced that it has concluded the sale of product business to Azentio Software Private Limited. A Business Transfer Agreement was entered between the Company and Azentio Software Private Limited, dated December 28, 2020 outlining the sale of certain software product business conducted by the Company. The Company has received a consideration of \$ 271,518 towards such sale of product business. As part of the transfer as on March 31, 2021 the company has transferred all the customer contracts and related net assets.

### Accounting treatment of the divestiture of business:

The Company accounted for the divestiture as under:

- a. All assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities), benefits under income tax, duties and obligations of identified product lines, have been recorded in the books of account of the Company at their existing carrying amounts and in the same form.
- b. The Company has received a sale consideration of \$ 271,518 towards such sale.
- c. In accordance with the business transfer agreement, the company has transferred the assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2021 at the following summarized values.

Particulars	Total	
Current Assets		
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 211,638	
Unbilled receivable, net	406,275	
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	34,252	
Unearned revenue	513,271	
Net Assets Transferred - A	\$ 70,389	
Sale proceeds received - B	\$ 271,518	
Profit on sale recognized - (B – A)	\$ 201,129	

Summarized financial information for discontinued operations is shown below.

Twelve months ended	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total Revenue	\$ 1,420,025	\$ 2,792,521
Profit from discontinued operations before tax	219,812	563,481
Profit from disposal	201,129	-
Total Profit from discontinued operations	420,941	563,481
Provision for Income Tax	121,642	52,154
Net Income from discontinued operations	\$ 299,299	\$ 511,357

The assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2020 presented below, are classified as held for sale.

Current Assets	
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 136,273
Unbilled receivable, net	700,883
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 86,270
Unearned revenue	387,048

### Note 3 – Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs in the period incurred. Advertising and Business promotion cost for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 92,732 and \$ 37,324 respectively.

### Note 4 – Cash and Cash equivalents

As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, Cash and cash equivalents were \$ 1,382,821 and \$ 1,761,933 respectively.

### Note 5 – Property and equipment

Property and equipment consisted of:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Computers, software, furniture & office equipment's	\$ 12,325,596	\$ 12,321,965
Improvements to Leasehold Property	109,465	109,465
Business & Commercial Rights	4,015,315	4,015,315
Goodwill	113,120,240	113,120,240
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(129,565,522)	(129,559,811)
Property and equipment net	\$ 5,094	\$ 7,174

Depreciation expense for the twelve months ended to March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 5,711 and \$ 13,604 respectively.

There was no amortization of goodwill for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

### Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Operating Lease:**

The Company has an operating lease for its office space. Future minimum rental commitments under the non-cancellable lease are as follows:

	As of	As of
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Less than one year	\$ 193,443	\$ 194,676
1-2 years	198,280	194,676
2-3 years	203,238	194,676
3-4 years	16,971	194,676
4-5 years	-	21,957
Total	\$ 611,932	\$ 800,661

Security deposit related to lease for office premises as on March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 30,000.

Total rent expense for all of these operating leases for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 215,509 and \$ 211,554 respectively.

The Company has sub leased its warehouse space for, warehouse and general office use in a manner consistent with the terms of its primary lease. Future minimum rental receipts under the non-cancellable lease are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2022	As of March 31, 2021
Less than one year	\$ 37,680	\$ 37,680
1-2 years	37,680	37,680
2-3 years	37,680	37,680
3-4 years	-	37,680
4-5 years	-	-
Total	\$ 113,040	\$ 150,720

Security deposit received related to the warehouse sub lease is as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 5,600.

Total rent received for the twelve months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$ 50,400 and \$ 50,400 respectively. Rent received has been netted off with the total rental expenses.

The Company does not have any material outstanding capital commitments and contingent Liabilities as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

#### Note 7 – Income Taxes

The components of the provision for income taxes for the twelve months ended, were as follows:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current taxes	\$ 89,824	\$ 125,902
Total current taxes	89,824	125,902
Prior period taxes	(73,219)	-
Advance taxes paid	54,333	15,000

Components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

	As of March 31, 2022	As of March 31, 2021	
Deferred Income tax assets:			
Provision for bad debts	\$ 27,286	\$ 135,050	
Interest expenses accrued	844,444	772,773	
NOL available	78,019	90,381	
Deferred income tax asset	949,749	998,204	
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Depreciation	(61,930)	(69,170)	
Deferred income tax liabilities	(61,930)	(69,170)	
Net deferred tax asset	887,819	929,035	
Less: Valuation allowance	(887,819)	(929,035)	
Deferred income tax asset – long term	-	-	

<u>Uncertain tax positions</u>: The Company believes that it is not likely that it will realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets based primarily on the Company's history of and projections for taxable income in the future. The Company recognizes interest and penalties associated with tax matters as selling, general and administrative expenses and includes accrued interest and penalties with accrued and other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. As of the report date, the Company does not have

any uncertain tax liabilities or benefits that could materially affect the effective tax rate. The federal tax years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were open as of the report date. The tax return for March 31, 2022 is yet to be filed as of the date of issuance of these financial statements. Management regularly assesses the tax risk of the company's return filing positions for all open years.

### Note 8 – Line of credit

On December 11, 2009, the Company had obtained a line of credit from State Bank of India(SBI), California Branch, USA, for \$ 3,000,000 and the bank has a first charge on the current assets of the company. The loan matured on December 31, 2021. Company and the bank entered into a new agreement and as per the new terms, the line of credit has been increased to \$ 4,500,000 and the maturity date has been extended to December 31, 2022. The index rate is 3.25% per annum and the Interest on outstanding balance will be computed using a rate of 2.25% over the index rate. As per the covenants of this loan, the Company has to maintain a minimum current asset to current liabilities ratio of 1.15, maximum debt to net worth of 3 and minimum interest coverage of 1.50 on EBITDA, as calculated by the management prepared financial statements.

On September 25, 2020, the Company renewed a \$ 250,000 revolving line of credit from State Bank of India(SBI), California Branch, USA, which was with reference to the original loan of \$ 500,000 which was obtained on January 19, 2018, subsequently expired on December 31, 2021 and the bank has a first charge on the current assets of the company. The bank has renewed this line of credit for further period of twelve months and as per the new terms, the line of credit has been increased to \$ 500,000. The index rate is 3.25% per annum and the Interest on outstanding balance will be computed using a rate of 2.25% over the index rate. As per the covenants of this loan the Company has to maintain a minimum current asset to current liabilities ratio of 1.15, maximum debt to net worth of 3 and minimum interest coverage of 1.25 on EBITDA, as calculated by the management prepared financial statements. The maturity date of this loan agreement has been extended to December 31, 2022.

The balance outstanding as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$2,300,000 and \$2,979,000 respectively. Interest expenses for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$46,233 and \$94,919 respectively.

### Note 9 – Litigation and Contingencies

**Contingent liabilities:** The Company is named in various claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of business. Based on the counsel and management's opinion, there are no pending significant legal proceedings to which the Company is a party, the ultimate outcome would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

### Note 10 – Stockholder's Equity

The Company is authorized to issue the following stocks

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Common Stock:		
Class A-Authorized 101,135,187 shares of par value USD 0.30each	30,340,556	30,340,556
Class B - Authorized 1,000,000 shares of par value USD 0.01 each	10,000	10,000
Optionally Convertible Preferred Stock:		
Series A-Authorized 21,000,000 shares of par value of USD 1 each	21,000,000	21,000,000
Series B-Authorized 29,000,000 shares of par value of USD 1 each	29,000,000	29,000,000

Series C-Authorized 67,000,000 Shares of par value of USD1 each 67,000,000 67,000,000 The amounts of common stock and preferred stock, issued and outstanding were as follows:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Common Stock:		
Class A - Issued 101,073,594 shares of par value USD 0.30 each	30,322,078	30,322,078
held by Parent only		
Class B - Issued 1,000,000 shares of par value USD 0.01 each	10,000	10,000
held by Parent only		
Optionally Convertible Preferred Stock:		
Series B - Issued 23,129,051 shares of par value of USD 1 each	23,129,051	23,129,051
Series C - Issued 66,366,925 Shares of par value of USD 1 each	66,366,925	66,366,925

Share application money pending allotment, as on Mar 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 7,513,000 and \$ 7,675,000 respectively.

### Note 11 – Related party transactions

In the ordinary course of business, the Company entered into transactions with entities owned directly/indirectly by the stockholders. Except for the amounts which are loans, as specifically mentioned, all other amounts are not interest bearing and has no fixed repayment term. The nature of transaction for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 and closing balance as on March 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Particulars	As at		
	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021	
3i Infotech Ltd			
Balances			
a) Receivable/(Payable)	\$ (16,538,744)	\$ (15,372,586)	
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year e	nded March 31, 20	)21	
<ul> <li>a) Consultancy fees and expenses</li> </ul>	1,478,000	1,800,000	
<ul> <li>b) Cost of Outsourced Resources</li> </ul>	3,542,802	2,116,577	
c) Outsourced services	1,015,492	943,895	
3i Infotech Holdings Private Limited			
Balances			
a) Loan Receivable/(Payable)	(495,000)	(495,000)	
<ul><li>b) Interest Receivable/(Payable)</li></ul>	(142,572)	(126,394)	
c) Receivable/(Payable)	(3,666)	(3,666)	
d) Share Application Money	7,513,000	7,675,000	
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year e	nded March 31, 20	)21	
a) Loan Taken	-	-	
b) Interest on Loan	19,800	19,800	
3i Infotech (CYPRUS) Limited			
Balances		1	
Receivable	12,000	12,000	
3i Infotech (Middle East) FZ LLC			
Balances			

a) Receivable/(Payable)	96,217,451	96,102,451
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year	r ended March 31, 202	1
a) Cost of outsourced resources	-	-
3i Infotech Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.		
Balances		
a) Loan receivable/(Payable)	(2,750,000)	(2,750,000)
b) Interest receivable/(Payable)	(2,163,879)	(1,955,856)
c) Other receivables	173,865	
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year		
a) Interest on loan	208,022	203,843
3i Infotech Sdn Bhd		
Balances		
a) Loan receivable/(Payable)	(1,500,000)	1,500,000)
b) Interest receivable/(Payable)	(1,711,088)	(1,597,621)
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year	r ended March 31, 202	
a) Interest on Loan	113,466	111,187
3i Infotech (Canada) Inc		
Balances		
Receivable/(Payable)	276,927	108,167
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year	r ended March 31, 202	1
Cost of outsourced resource	114,640	108,167
3i Infotech (UK) Ltd		
Balances		
Receivable/(Payable)	109,200	8,233
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year		
a) Expenses	967	817
31 INFOTECH NETHERLANDS B.V.		
Balances		
Receivable/(Payable)	5,643	360
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year	r ended March 31, 202	1
a) Expenses	-	360
3i Infotech Middle East And Africa		
Balances		
Receivable/(Payable)	(13,791)	(13,409)
Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year	r ended March 31, 202	1
a) Expenses	382	1,821

### Note 12 – Retirement Benefits

The Company setup an IRS approved 401(k) defined contribution plan for its employees. There is an age and service period requirement for elective deferral eligibility. Employees are generally eligible to participate following the completion of six months of entry service. The plan does not include qualified automatic contribution arrangement (QACA). The Company provides a discretionary matching contribution of up to 50% of the first 6% of base wages contributed by the participants to the Plan. The Company's matching contributions for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$ 211,479 and \$ 150,542 respectively.

#### Note 13 - Segment Revenues

The Company's operations comprise only of software services and solutions and the financial statements reflect the performance for the segment as such. Segments are identified taking into account the nature of the business, the differing risks and returns, the organization structure and internal reporting system. Accordingly, the Company has considered only one business segment as the primary segment. The Company presently caters to the domestic market and hence there are no reportable Geographic segments.

### Note 14 – Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through May 6, 2022 the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. The company does not have any reportable events occurring after the balance sheet date.

**Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic:** The COVID-19 outbreak in early 2020 has adversely affected, and may continue to adversely affect economic activity globally, nationally and locally. The management is continuously monitoring the impact of the pandemic on its financial statements and has taken certain steps. The Company has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of the financial statements, including but not limited to its assessment of liquidity and going concern assumption, recoverable values of its financial and non-financial assets and impact on revenues and on cost budgets in respect of fixed price contracts. The Management is not aware of any other matter or circumstance, other than those which are disclosed above or not otherwise dealt with in the Financial Statements that has significantly or may significantly affect the operations of the company in the subsequent years, the financial effects of which has not been provided for as of the March 31, 2022. However, the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

### Note 15 – Comparative Statements

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified as needed to confirm to current year's presentation.

Certified Public Accountants A Professional Corporation 97 Cedar Grove Lane, Suite 202 Somerset, NJ 08873

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

To the Stockholder and Board of Directors of, 3i Infotech Inc. New Jersey, USA

Our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of 3i Infotech Inc., for the twelve months ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 appears on page 3. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information representing Cost of Sales and Selling, General and Administration expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such supplemental information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

V. Sole an

VBC & Company Certified Public Accountants Somerset, New Jersey May 06, 2022

### 3i INFOTECH INC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Other Income		
Provision no longer required written back	\$ 522,313	-
Total Other Income	 522,313	 -
Cost of sales		
Payroll and Benefits	\$ 38,692,536	\$ 36,022,512
Contractual Services	296,167	43,037
Other Software expenses	191,871	25,687
Outside services	4,435,799	4,317,150
Travel and other project related expenses	139,686	100,859
Total cost of sales	 43,756,059	 40,509,245
General & administrative expenses		
Advertisement and marketing	\$ 92,732	\$ 37,324
Bad debts	1,124,151	-
Bank service charges	60,348	65,216
Insurance	135,616	128,938
Legal and professional fees	831,863	1,111,278
Maintenance	9,097	8,988
Miscellaneous	13,189	17,241
Office expenses	55,011	49,411
Outside services - SGA	1,015,492	915,308
Postage and delivery	8,615	7,974
Printing and stationery	9,317	6,474
Provision for bad debts	-	80,709
Rates and taxes	98,647	94,494
Rent	215,509	211,554
Staff wages and benefits	3,048,157	2,447,912
Telephone	34,673	49,985
Travel	101,172	14,057
Utilities	35,283	34,783
Total general & administrative expenses	\$ 6,888,871	\$ 5,281,646